

API

API-571 Exam

Corrosion and Materials Professional

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D. None of the Above

Version: 6.0	
Question: 1	
is a change in the microstructure of certain carbon steels term operation in the 800° F to 1100° F range.	and 0.5 Mo steels after long
A. Graphitization B. Softening C. Temper Embrittlement D. Creep	
	Answer: A
Question: 2	
What structure is 304 stainless steel?	
A. Martensitic B. Austenitic C. Duplex D. Ferritic	
	Answer: B
Question: 3	
is the result of cyclic stress caused by variations in temperatu	ure.
A. CreepB. Thermal FatigueC. Cyclic CrackingD. Stress Corrosion Cracking	
	Answer: B
Question: 4	
General or localized corrosion of carbon steels and other metals caus organic compounds or microbiological activities is called	ed by dissolved salts, gases,
A. Flue Gas Corrosion B. Atmospheric Corrosion C. Cooling Water Corrosion	

D. 9%

E. All of the Above	
	Answer: C
Question: 5	
What structure is 410 stainless steel?	
A. Martensitic	
B. Austenitic	
C. Duplex D. Ferritic	
2. Territie	
	Answer: A
Question: 6	
The sudden rapid fracture under stress (residual or applied) where the	e material exhibits little or no
evidence of ductility or plastic deformation is called	
A. 885º F Embrittlement	
B. Temper Embrittlement	
C. Stress Corrosion Cracking D. Brittle Fracture	
B. Bittie Fracture	
	Answer: D
Question: 7	
What structure is 409 stainless steel?	
A. Martensitic	
B. Austenitic	
C. Duplex	
D. Ferritic	
	Answer: D
Question: 8	
Low alloy steels contain a maximum of chrome.	
A. 5%	
B. 6%	
C. 7.5%	

	Answer: D
Question: 9	
Which of the following can be affected by 885° F Embrittlement?	
A. 410 SS B. 430 SS	
C. 308 SS D. Alloy 2205 E. A, B and D	
	Answer: E
Question: 10	
For 5Cr-0.5Mo, what is the threshold temperature for creep?	
A. 500° F B. 800° F C. 600° F D. 700° F	
	Answer: B
Question: 11	
has been a major problem on coke drum shells.	
A. Thermal fatigue B. Stress cracking C. Erosion	
D. Temper embrittlement	
	Answer: A
Question: 12	
Thermal fatigue cracks propagate to the stress and a transgranular and oxide-filled.	are usually dagger shaped,
A. Axial B. Diagonal C. Transverse D. Angular	

B. Carbon Steel

C. Nickel

			Answer: C
Question: 13			
Inspection for wet H2S damage g	enerally focuses on	and	
A. Weld seamsB. NozzlesC. TraysD. Down comersE. A and B			
			Answer: E
Question: 14			
is a form of erosion catiny vapor bubbles. A. Condensate corrosion	aused by the formation	and instantan	eous collapse of innumerable
B. CavitationC. Dew-Point corrosionD. Atmospheric corrosion			
			Answer: B
Question: 15			
With CUI, corrosion rateswater evaporates quickly.	with increasing me	etal temperatu	res up to the point where the
A. DecreaseB. IncreaseC. Stay the sameD. None of the above			
			Answer: B
Question: 16			
Which of the following metals is t	the most anodic?		
A. Zinc			

D. Monel	
Answer: A	
Question: 17	
Cracking of dissimilar weld metals occurs on the side of a weld between an austenitic a a Ferritic material operating at high temperatures.	nd
A. Austenitic B. Ferritic C. Anodic D. Cathodic	
Answer: B	
Question: 18	
Soil to Air interface areas are usually more susceptible to corrosion than the rest of the structubecause of and availability.	ıre
A. Moisture B. Bacteria C. Oxygen D. B and C E. A and C	
Answer: E	
Question: 19	
Carburization can be confirmed by substantial increases in and loss of	
A. Hardness B. Tensile Strength C. Ductility D. A and B E. A and C	
Answer: E	
Question: 20	
Liquid metal embrittlement can occur if 300 Series SS comes in contact with molten	
A. Copper	

B. Mercury	
C. Zinc	
D. Lead	
	Answer: C
	Allswei. C
Overtion, 21	
Question: 21	
Cracks that are typically straight, non-branching, and devoid of any as are likely associated with which type of failure?	ssociated plastic deformation
A. Stress corrosion cracking	
B. Brittle fracture	
C. Thermal fatigue	
D. Temper embrittlement	
	Answer: B
Question: 22	
At high temperatures, metal components can slowly and continuously yield strength. This time dependent deformation of stressed component	
A. Creep	
B. Ductility	
C. Softening	
D. Hardening	
	Answer: A
Question: 23	
Permanent deformation occurring at relatively low stress levels as a res called	ult of localized overheating is
A. Stress cracking	
B. Brittle fracture	
C. Temper embrittlement	
D. Stress rupture	
	Anguari
	Answer: D
Question: 24	Answer: D
Question: 24	Answer: D

A. Brittle fracture B. Thermal fatigue C. Thermal shock D. Stress rupture	
	Answer: C
Question: 25	
Nickel based alloys usually contain nickel.	
A. ≥30% B. ≥20% C. ≥10% D. ≥12%	
	Answer: A
Question: 26	
is a change in the microstructure of certain carbon steels term operation in the 800° F to 1100° F range that may cause a los creep resistance.	_
A. Embrittlement B. Carburization C. Graphitization D. Sensitization	
	Answer: C

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